RESOLUTION 12-08-2018 – AS AMENDED

DIGEST

Voting Rights: Redefine Definition of Felony

Amends Elections Code section 2101, 2106 and 2212 to narrow the exclusion of those who are prohibited from voting due to a felony conviction by limiting the exclusion to felons actually imprisoned, not on parole.

STATEMENT OF REASONS

<u>The Problem</u>: The right to vote is one of the basic fundamental rights guaranteed to citizens of the U.S. Under current law, individuals who are convicted of felonies are disenfranchised while imprisoned or on parole. This has resulted in several problems. First, disenfranchisement of felons has helped create a racial divide within voting privileges. Second, depriving felons who have served their base time and are on parole of the right to vote discourages civic activism and creates a further barrier to reintegration. Third, disenfranchisement severs no deterrent purpose and exists solely as an additional punishment, which is not logically connected to the crime committed.

<u>The Solution</u>: Those who are convicted of felonies should not be denied the right to vote while on parole.

TEXT OF RESOLUTION

RESOLVED that the Conference of California Bar Associations recommends that legislation be sponsored to amend Elections Code section 2101, 2106 and 2212, and to amend the California Constitution Article II, Section IV, to read as follows:

§ 2101.

- (a) A person entitled to register to vote shall be a United States citizen, a resident of California, not imprisoned or on parole for the conviction of a felony, and at least 18 years of age at the time of the next election.
- (b) A person entitled to preregister to vote in an election shall be a United States citizen, a resident of California, not imprisoned or on parole for the conviction of a felony, and at least 16 years of age.
 - (c) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
 - (1) "Imprisoned" means currently serving a state or federal prison sentence.
- (2) "Parole" means a term of supervision by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.
- (3) "Conviction" does not include a juvenile adjudication made pursuant to Section 203 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

15 § 2106

A program adopted by a county pursuant to Section 2103 or 2105, that is designed to encourage the registration of electors, shall contain the following statement in printed literature or media announcements made in connection with the program: "A person entitled to register to vote must be a United States citizen, a resident of California, not currently imprisoned in a state

12-08-2018 Page **1** of **2**

1 2 3

4

9 10 11

12 13 14

16

17

18

19

or federal prison or on state parole for the conviction of a felony, and at least 18 years of age at the time of the election. A person may preregister to vote if he or she is a United States citizen, a resident of California, not currently imprisoned in a state or federal prison or on state parole for the conviction of a felony, and at least 16 years of age." A county elections official may continue to use existing materials before printing new or revised materials required by any changes to this section.

§ 2212

The clerk of the superior court of each county, on the basis of the records of the court, shall furnish to the Secretary of State and the county elections official in the format prescribed by the Secretary of State, not less frequently than the first day of every month, a statement showing the names, addresses, and dates of birth of all persons who have been committed to state prison as the result of a felony conviction since the clerk's last report. The Secretary of State or county elections official shall cancel the affidavits of registration of those persons who are currently imprisoned or on parole for the conviction of a felony. The clerk shall certify the statement under the seal of the court.

35 36 37

38 39

40

20

21

22

23

2425

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

California Constitution, Article II, §4

The Legislature shall prohibit improper practices that affect elections and shall provide for the disqualification of electors while mentally incompetent or imprisoned or on parole for the conviction of a felony.

(Proposed new language underlined; language to be deleted stricken)

PROPONENT: Bar Association of San Francisco

IMPACT STATEMENT

This resolution does not affect any other law, statute or rule other than those expressly identified.

CURRENT OR PRIOR RELATED LEGISLATION

AB 2466 (2016), effective January 1, 2017, expanded voting rights to define "imprisoned" as currently serving a state or federal prison sentence, and to define "parole" as a term of supervision by the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. However, AB 2466 did not define the term "felony."

AUTHOR AND/OR PERMANENT CONTACT: Cathleen S. Yonahara, Freeland Cooper & Foreman LLP, 150 Spear St., Ste. 1800, San Francisco, California 94105, telephone: (415) 541-0200, facsimile (415) 495-4332, e-mail: yonahara@freelandlaw.com.

RESPONSIBLE FLOOR DELEGATE: Cathleen S. Yonahara

* * * * * *